
【赢在高考·黄金20卷】备战2022年高考英语模拟卷（全国卷专用）

三轮冲刺卷2

（考试时间：120分钟 试卷满分：150分）

注意事项：

1. 本试卷共12页，全卷满分150分，回答时间为120分钟；
2. 答卷前，务必将答题卡上密封线内的各项目填写清楚；
3. 本试卷由选择题和非选择题两大部分组成。选择题必须使用2B铅笔填涂，非选择题必须使用0.5毫米黑色墨水签字笔书写，涂写要工整、清晰；
4. 考试结束，监考员将试题卷、答题卡一并收回。

第I卷（选择题 共100分）

第一部分：听力（共两节，满分30分）

第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

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听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where are the two speakers?

A. In a store. B. In a car. C. In the hospital.

2. When did the woman's son graduate?

A. In 1980. B. In 1981. C. In 1982.

3. What is Jane doing now?

A. Typing a letter.

B. Changing her clothes.

C. Having a meal.

4. What can we know about the woman?

A. She cannot read. B. She has no watch. C. She is too busy.

5. What is the woman riding in?

A. In a bus. B. In a taxi. C. On a plane.

第二节(共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. What shall we do if something is wrong with the watch?

A. Send it back to the factory.

B. Have it repaired.

C. Exchange it in the shop.

7. How much did the man pay for the watch?

A. 700 dollars. B. 750 dollars. C. For free.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. How long will they stay there?

A. 5 weeks. B. 3 weeks. C. We don't know.

9. How many rooms did they book?

A. 4. B. 2. C. 3.

10. What's the number for the single room?

A. No. 9. B. No. 7. C. No. 6.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11、12 题。

11. Where was the man when the murder happened?

A. On the way to the station.

B. On the way to work.

C. On the way home.

12. When did the man arrive at the station?

A. At 8 : 10. B. At 10 : 08. C. At 7 : 50.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. How many countries has the man visited?

A. 5. B. 4. C. 3.

14. Why did the man visit them?

A. In most cases, to work.

B. In most cases, for holidays.

C. In most cases, on business.

15. When did the man work in France?

A. In 1950s. B. In 1960s. C. In 1970s.

16. How long did he work in France?

A. A few weeks. B. A few months. C. A few years.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What's today's weather in general?

A. Windy. B. Cloudy. C. Sunny.

18. Which is the highest temperature today?

A. 25 degrees. B. 19 degrees. C. 16 degrees.

19. How do you find the weather at night?

A. Dry. B. Wet. C. Windy.

20. How many hours does the weather report probably cover?

A. 48. B. 24. C. 12.

第二部分：阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列四篇短文，从每小题后所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Book fairs can give a book lover an exciting rush. Here's a list of book fairs taking place in 2022.

F.R.E.S.H. Book Festival

FLORIDA, US Jan 6-8, 2022

It's a weekend of entertainment in the form of films, books, author presentations, focus groups, and good music. Writers visit F.R.E.S.H to network with fellow authors, meet with readers and fans, and sell books. There's something every reader is addicted to.

Havana Book Fair

HAVANA, CUBA Feb 4-11, 2022

Havana's 10-day International Book Fair features book sellers, poetry readings, children's activities, art exhibitions, and parties in the evenings.

Leipzig Book Fair

Leipzig, LITHUANIA Mar 17-20, 2022

Leipzig Book Fair is the most important get-together in the spring for the book and media industry, connecting readers with authors, publishers and media companies from Germany and around the world. They all visit Leipzig to experience a diversity of literature, discover innovations and gain new angles. It presents the spring's new releases, current themes, and trends. Also, it exhibits new German-language literature.

Brussels Book Fair

BRUSSELS, BELGIUM Mar 10-13, 2022

It's a non-profit event promoting books and reading to all audience since 2016. Each year it presents 255 exhibitors and 500 publishing houses, and 1,200 authors in meetings and dedications (题词). The event is visited by 72,000 visitors every year.

21. Which one would catch your eye if you are a music lover?

- | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| A. F.R.E.S.H. Book Festival. | B. Havana Book Fair. |
| C. Leipzig Book Fair. | D. Brussels Book Fair. |

22. How long does Leipzig Book Fair last?

- | | |
|----------------|---------------|
| A. Three days. | B. Four days. |
| C. Eight days. | D. Ten days. |

23. What is special about Brussels Book Fair?

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A. It's open to all people. | B. It's the most important. |
| C. It starts the latest. | D. It's a charity activity. |

B

I opened the freezer and put in the cake—a sheet cake with my son's name in red and black frosting—the colors of the University of UGA, where Laughlin, my youngest, would graduate in May.

But now there would be no graduation because of the pandemic (流行病). I had been looking forward to

directions depend in part on the ability of people to understand the perspective of a map. In other words, people without a sense of direction follow a route in pieces. Thus, they have no expanded understanding for space and navigate their environment without any mental map of their destinations.

However, there is a solution, namely to guide the person through a series of short routes.

28. What does the underlined phrase “without a hitch” in paragraph 1 mean?

- A. With ease.
- B. By oneself.
- C. In a short time.
- D. Without hesitation.

29. What is the cause of going short of a sense of direction?

- A. Being unable to put a map at hand.
- B. Expanded understanding for space.
- C. Lack of guiding through short routes.
- D. Neural networks’ improper functioning.

30. What could be a challenge for someone without a sense of direction?

- A. Reading a map.
- B. Forming a map in mind.
- C. Following a route in pieces.
- D. Finishing a series of short routes.

31. What can be inferred from the text?

- A. Mental map contributes to the sense of direction.
- B. Having no sense of direction is merely an excuse.
- C. Most people have long routes in their mind.

D. People with a sense of direction don't need a map.

D



Wherever we go, we are surrounded by history. Across the globe, cultural heritage is passed down through the generations. It is in the buildings and structures around us. It is in the arts and artifacts (手工艺品) we treasure. It lives in the languages we speak and the stories we tell. But today, it is under attack as never before. Not only are the damages of time threatening our cultural heritage, but conflicts, climate change, globalization and tourism are all exacting a heavy price. Technology is now the most essential weapon in the battle. Here's how technology is preserving our cultural heritage.

As you can imagine, creating the replicas (复制品) via crowd sourced 2D images is extremely time-consuming. Increasingly, artificial intelligence (AI) algorithms (算法) are being used to do all the required sourcing, allowing millions of images to be stored in a matter of hours. AI will also make restoration and preservation of existing cultural heritage far easier and vastly superior to previous methods.

Virtual reality (VR) technology will play a leading role in preserving our cultural heritage in the coming years. Many of the most important sites and architecture are extremely fragile. Human interaction with these locations is doing a great deal of harm. Wastes accumulate everywhere, causing enormous problems. As more cultural heritage sites and objects are digitally mapped and recorded, VR technology will increasingly become the way that people experience them. We'll all eventually be able to walk through places, look at (and touch!) artifacts and works of art without ever seeing them with our own eyes.

Finally, our cultural heritage will be preserved via technology. Efforts in research, innovation, data sharing and project work will help promote and preserve the cultural heritage of countries all across the world.

32. What does the underlined word "exacting" in paragraph 1 mean?

- A. Paying. B. Cutting. C. Receiving. D. Demanding.

organization, and past information, if relevant. If you want to take the focus off yourself, ask the person about their role. 40

- A. Again, keep it simple and professional.
- B. If it hasn't happened yet, it will eventually.
- C. What should you do if you are asked the question?
- D. Who do you think is most likely to ask this question?
- E. It's a good opportunity to learn more about your new workmates.
- F. It tests the candidate's confidence and sets the tone for the conversation.
- G. Whatever you do, don't turn around and ask the person the same exact question.

第三部分：英语知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节 完形填空（共 20 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出适合填入对应空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Chinese cuisine (烹饪) is widely known and enjoyed all around the world. Who doesn't 41 a favorite Chinese dish? But there is one interesting 42 concerning Chinese food which is almost unheard-of in the West, and 43 ignored by the youth of the East—the ancient custom of “tonic (滋补) food”.

Tonic food is food consumed to improve one's well-being or 44 sickness. 45, it was once the 46 for new mother to eat a sesame-oil(麻油) hotpot every day for the first month after giving 47. It was believed that this dish would 48 the muscles, reduce pain, improve circulations, stimulate sweating and 49 the body.

Some food are 50 as “hot”, such as goat meat and coriander (香菜), while others, such as Chinese cabbage and radish (小萝卜) are “cold”. One should be 51 not to eat too much “hot” or “cold” food. 52, how much “hot” or “cold” food one should eat 53 the time of the year,

how the food is prepared and what it is prepared _____ 54 _____, and the individual's _____ 55 _____.

The custom of employing tonic food for a healthier life also _____ 56 _____ the catering (餐饮) industry. Some

Chinese herbal medicines can often be found on many a restaurant _____ 57 _____. Whether you need to

_____ 58 _____ yourself to boost your energy with a large helping of chicken soup or increase your _____ 59 _____

power with a serving of pig's brain soup, you may find that this ancient Chinese custom could be _____ 60 _____

the tonic you are looking for.

41. A. search for B. long for C. wait for D. stand for

42. A. legend B. message C. concept D. fiction

43. A. increasingly B. instantly C. permanently D. completely

44. A. escape B. infect C. spread D. avoid

45. A. In addition B. For instance C. As a result D. In theory

46. A. habit B. belief C. culture D. custom

47. A. time B. energy C. birth D. power

48. A. restore B. benefit C. develop D. support

49. A. warm B. comfort C. clean D. shape

50. A. used B. treated C. viewed D. sensed

51. A. careful B. awkward C. smart D. practical

52. A. Therefore B. Anyway C. Besides D. However

53. A. depends on B. bases on C. focuses on D. concentrates on

54. A. by B. with C. for D. through

55. A. hobby B. preference C. health D. taste

56. A. destroys B. determines C. predicts D. influences

-
57. A. table B. window C. menu D. kitchen
58. A. enjoy B. refresh C. entertain D. inspire
59. A. physical B. virtual C. magical D. mental
60. A. just B. only C. even D. still

第II卷（非选择题 共50分）

第三部分：英语知识运用（共两节，满分45分）

第二节 语法填空（共10小题，每小题1.5分，满分15分）

阅读下面材料，在答题卡相应位置处填入适当的内容（1个单词）或括号内单词的正确形式。

Have you ever seen a painting destroy 61 (it)? This strange event happened during a recent auction (拍卖) in London.

Girl With Balloon is one of the most well-known works of British artist Banksy. It 62 (sell) for £1.04 million (about 9.49 million yuan) at the Sotheby auction house on Oct 5. However, shortly 63 the hammer (锤子) went down, the painting began to slide down its frame (画框) and half of the painting was cut into 64 (piece)!

In fact, there 65 (be) a shredder (碎纸机) in the frame. More surprisingly, the artist might have set the shredder in the frame himself years ago, Yahoo News reported.

Banksy is known 66 being mysterious and unpredictable. No one knows his real name, 67 his paintings are everywhere across the UK. He always plays hoaxes (恶作剧) on the art world.

People believe this is just another example of Banksy 68 (play) a trick. They think he is against the commercialization (商品化) of art.

However, the 69 (fun) part is that this hoax might have made the painting more valuable. “(The price is) possibly as high as being worth £2 million (about 18.2 million yuan) plus,” Joey Syer, 70 (found) of art website MyArtBroker.com, told the Guardian.

第四部分：写作（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节 短文改错（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

假如英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误，每句中最多有两处错误。要求你在错误的地方增加、删除或修改某个单词。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号（∧），并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线（\）划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线（_____），并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：1.每处错误及修改均仅限一词；

2.只允许修改 10 处，多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

To support the activity named “Green Travel, Start with me”, I talk to my parents about it. They were very supportive, say they would be devoted environment protection. In the following weeks, as they promised, I went to school by bike every day, while my parents went to work on bus. Though we were tired, but we all felt happy. Last Friday, a class meeting was hold. Some parents were invited, including my father and mother. We shared various idea during the meeting. All of us held a same view that environment protection is importance for us.

第二节 书面表达（满分 25 分）

世界读书日(4 月 23 日)即将到来,针对同学们阅读课外图书较少的现状,校学生会决定向同学们发出倡议,号召大家多读书。请你根据以下要点代表学生会写一篇英文倡议书。

要点：1.同学们的读书现状；

2.读书的好处；

3.发出倡议。

注意：1.词数 100 左右；

2.可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯；

3.开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。

Read More Books

Dear schoolmates,

The Students Union

